

Introduction

The PLBv46 Slave Bus Functional Model is a simulation hardware component that has a PLBv46 bus interface and may act as a bus slave.

The component contains logic to automatically respond to bus transactions based on an address decode on the PLBv46 bus.

The model maintains an internal memory which can be initialized through the bus functional language and may be dynamically checked during simulation, or when all bus transactions have completed.

Features

- Xilinx PLBv46 bus interface
- Responds to bus transactions
- In Command Mode, the behavior is defined in a Bus Functional Language (BFL) file
- In Auto Mode, the model responds to bus transactions with random data
- The model may be dynamically checked during simulation or when all bus transactions have completed

More Information

For detailed information on the IBM PLB Bus Functional Model Toolkit, you may register for the [CoreConnect Lounge](#) on the Xilinx web site to get access to the IBM CoreConnect documentation.

Core Facts		
Core Specifics		
Supported Device Family	All	
Version of Core	plbv46_slave_bfm	v1.00.a
Resources Used		
	Min	Max
I/O	N/A	N/A
LUTs	N/A	N/A
FFs	N/A	N/A
Block RAMs	N/A	N/A
Provided with Core		
Documentation	This document	
Design File Formats	VHDL	
Constraints File	N/A	
Verification	N/A	
Instantiation Template	N/A	
Reference Designs	None	
Design Tool Requirements		
Xilinx Implementation Tools	EDK 9.2 or later ISE 9.2 or later	
Verification	N/A	
Simulation	ModelSim SE/EE 6.1e or later	
Synthesis	N/A	
Support		
Support provided by Xilinx, Inc.		

Implementation

The PLB is a full-featured bus architecture with many features that increase bus performance. To obtain an efficient use of FPGA resource, Xilinx uses a subset of the PLB for Xilinx-developed PLBv46 devices.

The CoreConnect PLB slave model has an interface to a full-featured PLB bus. Xilinx has created an interface to the CoreConnect Toolkit components for them to be used within the Xilinx implementation of the PLBv46 bus.

The CoreConnect PLB CoreConnect Toolkit contains standard Bus Functional Models and a Bus Functional Compiler for a rich Bus Functional Language specification. Xilinx utilizes these to provide the functionality and encapsulates the models around a customized interface that performs the translation between the two bus implementations domains. **Figure 1** shows how this is done for the PLB slave model.

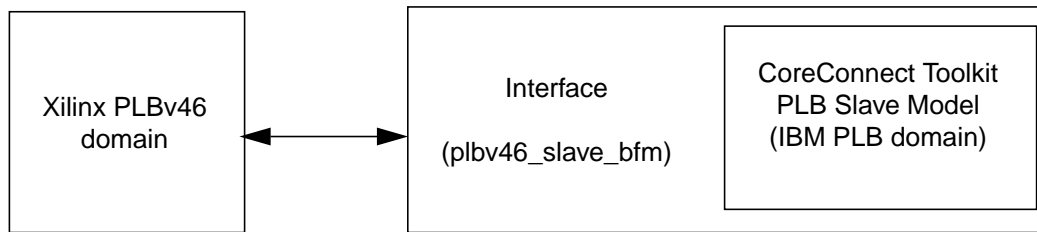


Figure 1: Xilinx PLBv46 to IBM PLB domain interface

MPD Parameters

The associated MPD (Microprocessor Peripheral Definition) file contains a list of the peripheral s parameters that are fixed at simulation time. The parameters are described in **Table 1**.

Table 1: MPD Parameters

Parameter	Description	Allowable Values	Type
PLB_SLAVE_NUM	ID number	0b0000 - 0b1111	std_logic_vector
PLB_SLAVE_ADDR_LO_0	PLB Slave base address 0	Valid PLB Address	std_logic_vector
PLB_SLAVE_ADDR_HI_0	PLB Slave high address 0	Valid PLB Address	std_logic_vector
PLB_SLAVE_ADDR_LO_1	PLB Slave base address 1	Valid PLB Address	std_logic_vector
PLB_SLAVE_ADDR_HI_1	PLB Slave high address 1	Valid PLB Address	std_logic_vector

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Revision
4/30/07	1.0	Initial Xilinx release